# **RESEARCH REGISTRATION FORM**

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Filing Date:	RRF Number:
Revised Submission Date:	Signature of Issuer:
Approval Date:	Expiry Date:
Researcher's Name:	Researcher's Signature:
Email Address (UofT Preferred):	
UTORid:	Student/Personnel #:
Your Home Department:	
Supervisor's Name:	Supervisor's Signature:
Supervisor's Home Department:	
Office Room Number:	Office Phone Number:
Lab Room Number:	Lab Phone Number:
Researcher's Status (check one):	
Student:	
M.Eng	
MASc	
PhD	
4 <sup>th</sup> Year	
Summer	
Other (Specify: volunteer, visiting, exchar	ige, etc.):
Research Staff:	
🗌 Lab Technician	
Res. Assistant	
Res. Associate	
Post Doc	
Visiting Researcher (Long-term)	
Visiting Researcher (Short-term - less that	n 1 month)
Other: Revised January 2021	

# SECTION 1: GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THIS FORM

All students, researchers and research staff that are registered in or working in the Department of Chemical Engineering and Applied Chemistry must complete this form. The form must be reviewed by their supervisor and approved by the Department's Health & Safety Committee. **Completed forms should be submitted to the Department's H&S email (safety.chemeng@utoronto.ca).** A research registration number will be issued when the form is approved; NO experimental research work can be conducted until this number is received. It is expected that the student/researcher and supervisor will meet to discuss the form content in detail and do a site visit to review all safety aspects of the experimental apparatus or procedure(s).

A new student/researcher who needs to job-shadow their trainer while they learn techniques and/or complete their required safety training is considered "In-Training". They are to fill out this form in as much detail as possible and submit it for temporary approval. *They cannot conduct research in the lab by themselves while "In-Training"*, but can conduct laboratory work if they are continually accompanied by an experienced researcher who also has an approved experimental research form for the designated tasks. Once the required safety training and in-lab training period is completed, they are required to complete the form in full and submit it for final approval.

A short-term visiting researcher is considered "In-Training" and can job-shadow someone in the lab to learn techniques. *They cannot conduct research in the lab by themselves.* If a short-term visiting researcher is expecting to work independently on experiments, they must complete this form and sufficient/appropriate safety training. Their full safety training record from their home facility is required prior to doing work here. The Health and Safety Coordinators will review the safety training and determine if further training is required. This will be determined on a case-by-case basis.

For most researchers and graduate students, this form expires annually on July 31<sup>st</sup>. The same form may be submitted for renewal if the work remains unchanged or has only minor changes. Please note minor changes in different coloured ink. A new form <u>MUST</u> be submitted whenever experimental procedures are significantly changed or new procedures are being planned.

For all 4<sup>th</sup> year thesis students, this form expires on April 30<sup>th</sup>. It must be resubmitted for extension until August 31<sup>st</sup> should the student stay on as a summer student.

For all summer students, this form expires on August 31<sup>st</sup>. It must be resubmitted for extension until April 30<sup>th</sup> should the student stay on as a 4<sup>th</sup> year thesis student.

Failure to submit a form at the beginning of the research project or for annual renewal could result in suspension of lab privileges until this has been rectified, or other sanctions as deemed necessary by the Department Chair.

If research involves <u>Computer Work Only</u>, check here. Please complete only Sections 2 and 3 of this form.

If research involves <u>Full Laboratory Work</u>, check here. Please complete ALL Sections in Full (no TBD – to be determined).

☐ If this is an <u>"In-Training"</u> form, check here. Please complete Sections 2 to 4 of this form in detail and provide as much detail as possible in all other sections. Where you do not know full details yet, mark as TBD – to be determined.

Target Date for Completion of Lab Training :

# SECTION 2: SAFETY TRAINING REQUIRED

Please attach a copy of your UofT EH&S Training Record confirming completion of all required and supplemental EH&S courses.

WHO NEEDS TO TAKE	COURSE CODE	TRAINING COURSE DESCRIPTION	DATE OF
SAFETY COURSES	• CHE2222	OUE Dependence of Origination & Origination	COMPLETION
New Grad students		CHE Departmental Orientation & Safety	
PDFs	○ EHS002	EH&S Basic Health and Safety Awareness	
Lab Techs	EU0404	EH&S WHMIS	
Res. Assocs/Assists Visiting Researchers	• EHS101		
Research Admin Staff	∘ IAR	Identify Assist Refer	
CHE Summer Students	<ul> <li>CHE Summer</li> </ul>	CHE Summer Student Safety	
	∘ EHS002	EH&S Basic Health and Safety Awareness	
	○ EHS101	EH&S WHMIS	
4 <sup>th</sup> YR Students	○ CHE 4 <sup>th</sup> Yr	4 <sup>th</sup> Yr Student Safety	
	○ EHS002	EH&S Basic Health and Safety Awareness	
	○ EHS101	EH&S WHMIS	
New Department Faculty	o CHE2222	CHE Departmental Orientation & Safety	
	○ EHS002	EH&S Basic Health and Safety Awareness	
	○ EHS101	EH&S WHMIS	
	○ EHS009	EH&S Lab Academic Supervisor Safety	
	○ EHS536	Office Ergonomics	
New Department Administrative Staff	○ EHS953	Health & Safety Awareness in Labs for Non-Lab Users	
	○ EHS101	EH&S WHMIS	
	○ EHS536	EH&S Office Ergonomics	
<b>All returning</b> Faculty, Department Administrative Staff, Grad students, PDFs,		CHE Annual Department WHMIS Refresher.	
Lab Techs, Res. Associates/Assistants, Visiting Researchers, Research Admin Staff		Those taking CHE2222 or CHE 4 <sup>th</sup> Year Safety during current year are exempt from current year WHMIS Refresher.	

# **RESEARCH REGISTRATION FORM**

Job Specific Supplemental Safety Training	○ EHS601	EH&S Laboratory Biosafety	
, ,	○ EHS602	EH&S Biosafety Refresher	
	○ EHS603	EH&S Blood-borne Pathogens	
	○ EHS709	EH&S Radiation Safety	
	○ EHS710	Awareness EH&S Sealed Sources	
	○ EHS739	Safety EH&S Laser Safety	
	o EHS741	Awareness EH&S X-ray Safety	
	o EHS751	UV Radiation Safety Awareness	
	∘ Extras	Compressed Gases	
	o External/Other		

# SECTION 3: GENERAL EMERGENCY CONTINGENCY PLANS

### 3A. Working Alone and Using the Buddy System:

For personal safety and protection, researchers working outside normal University operating hours of Monday to Friday, from 8:00 am to 5:00 pm, whether in a lab or office area are expected to follow the buddy system. Researchers must also discuss the Job Safety Analysis and Risk Assessment prepared by the PI or lab management.

# If experimental work involves extremely hazardous materials, the buddy system should be used at all times when working in the lab.

- 1. Job Safety Analysis (JSA) discussed with PI /Management? Yes No
- 2. Working along requirements for this project
  - Visual buddy check in required Verbal / text communication
- 3. Risk Level of Activities:

### Low Risk Moderate Risk High Risk

### **3B. Location Specific Emergency Information:**

- 1. How many entry points are there to the lab/office:
- 2. Exact location of nearest fire alarm(s):
- 3. Exact location of nearest fire extinguisher(s):
- 4. Fire extinguisher type(s):

## **3C. UofT Emergency Numbers:**

- 1. UofT Emergency Number: 82222
- 2. UofT Spill Cleanup Number: 87000
- 3. UofT Facilities/Services Emergency Number: 83000
- 4. UofT WalkSafe / Travel Safer : 87233

# 3D. Basic Procedures: What procedure would you follow in the case of each of the following?

1. Fire alarm sounds:

2. First aid required:

3. Chemical odour detected:

# SECTION 4: BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT OPERATIONS

# 4A. Title:

### 4B. Duration:

If "In Training", describe the equipment and work you will be trained on:

Name of Trainer:

RRF # of Trainer:

Status of Trainer: (Supervisor, senior grad student, senior post doc or senior lab tech)

Trainer Signature:

(I have read the description of the work that my trainee has written. To the best of my ability, I will train them and be responsible for their safe practices in the lab)

Complete the remainder of this form to the best of your ability, If unknown, mark as TBD (To Be Determined). You cannot conduct research in the lab by yourself while "In-Training". You must work directly with your trainer and they must be present at all times.

### 4C. Description:

Briefly describe your experiment, including all chemicals and equipment and how they will be used; identify any hazardous or noxious products or by-products, gases or chemicals that may be formed during the project experiments. Also include a sketch of the experimental setup. **Attach additional pages if needed**. (SOP, diagrams, detailed description, etc.)

# SECTION 5: DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT OPERATIONS

## 5A. Apparatus:

5A.1 Equipment: (attach a sketch of the experimental setup)

Item	Material of Construction	Capacity	Operating Temperature (Min/Max)	Operating Pressure (Min/Max)

# 5A.2 Connections Between Vessels, Valves, Inlets/Outlets, etc:

Connection/Joint Type	Material of Construction	Dimensions	Operating Temperature (Min/Max)	Operating Pressure (Min/Max)

# 5A.3 Electrical Requirements: (other than standard 115V/15A):

Equipment	Frequency	Voltage	Wattage	Phase

## 5A.4 Storage Vessels: (include gas cylinders):

ltem	Material of Construction	Capacity	Material Stored	Operating Temperature	Operating Pressure

# SECTION 5: DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT OPERATIONS cont'd.

### 5B. Potential Hazards Involved in the Project:

Check off all that apply to the experiment. Answer this section keeping in mind the worst-case scenario that could happen while running the experiment.

### **5B.1** Biohazard:

Animal Usage 🛛 Biological Agent 🗆	
Means of transmission:	Portal of Entry:
Common Name:	Scientific Name:
Mass, volume use per day:	
Volume you keep in the lab:	
What are the consequences of expos	
Do you use BSC? Yes ☐ No ☐ If y class? SOP's for using BSC:	/es, what type,
Disinfection method:	
Disposal method:	
SOP's for spill of Biological agent:	
Other Control Measures:	
UofT Biosafety Training: Yes 🗆 No 🗆	EH&S Training Certificate Attached
<u>-</u>	

## **5B.2** Laser Hazards:

Туре:	Class:	
Control Measures:		
UofT Laser Training: Yes □		EH&S Training Certificate Attached

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<b>5B.3 Radiation Haza</b>	rds:		
Ionizing 🗆	Non-ionizir	•	
Source:	Open 🛛	Sealed 🗆	
Type of Emission:		Source Streng	gth:
Control Measures:			
LlofT Padiation Protoctic	n Troining: \		EUSS Training Cortificate Attached
UofT Radiation Protectio UofT Sealed Source Tra			EH&S Training Certificate Attached  EH&S Training Certificate Attached

# 5B.4 Fire Hazards:

Ignition Sources: List all potential ignition sources in lab (not just for project):
<ul> <li>Heaters:</li> <li>Electrical equipment:</li> <li>Open flame:</li> </ul>
□ Other (list here):
Sources of Combustible Materials: List all potential sources of combustion in lab:
<ul> <li>Flammable gases/liquids (oils, solvents, paints)</li> <li>Natural gas (supplied through building in some labs)</li> <li>Chemicals</li> <li>Other (list here):</li> </ul>
Control Measures Used for Items Checked Above:

# SECTION 5: DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT OPERATIONS cont'd.

# 5B. Potential Hazards Involved in the Project cont'd.:

Check off all that apply to the experiments. Answer this section keeping in mind the worst-case scenario that could happen while running the experiments.

### **5B.5 Equipment/Storage Vessel Hazards:**

List all potential hazards present or that could occur in equipment used in project:
<ul> <li>Equipment malfunction/failure</li> <li>Noise</li> <li>Over-pressurization</li> <li>Overheating</li> <li>Pinch points</li> <li>Tension load</li> <li>Moving parts</li> <li>Sharp objects</li> <li>Trip hazard</li> <li>Disconnect of connections between vessels, valves, etc.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Flooding from water use:</li> <li>Purpose:</li> <li>Source : recirculating mains/tap no running water</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Natural gas:</li> <li>Purpose:</li> <li>Connections:</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Compressed air:</li> <li>Purpose:</li> <li>Pressure:</li> <li>Connection material:</li> </ul>
□ Others (list here):
Control Measures Used for Items Checked Above:
Will equipment be running overnight? Includes waterbaths, shakers, GC's, rotoevaporators, etc. Does not include fridges, freezers, incubators, etc. that remain on in lab 24/7. Yes No If yes, a permit is required. Attach a separate page and explain the control measures:
Permit is attached

# SECTION 5: DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT OPERATIONS cont'd.

# 5B. Potential Hazards Involved in the Project Experiments cont'd.:

Check off all that apply to the experiments. Answer this section keeping in mind the worst-case scenario that could happen while running the experiments.

## **5B.6** Chemical Hazards:

Lis	List all potential hazards present or that could occur with chemicals/reactions in the project:					
	Chemical burns Toxic/poisonous chemicals Incompatible chemical waste Runaway reaction Corrosion Explosion Fire Nanomaterial Designated substances (Permit is required)	Permit is attached □				
	Oxygen deficient conditions (use of Liq N <sub>2</sub> ) (Complete Gas Law calculation sheet)	Calculation Sheet attached				
	Hazardous or noxious off-gases/by-products: List them:					
	Identify hazard:					
	Others (list here):					
Co	ntrol Measures Used for Items Checked Above:					

### SECTION 5: DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT OPERATIONS cont'd. 5C. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Required: (check all that apply)

Protection Area	PPE	Туре	Purpose
Legs, arms, etc.			
Eyes, face			
	□Goggles		
	□Face Shield		
Head	□Hard Hat		
Hands   Chemical-resistant Gloves			
	□ Insulated Gloves		
Feet	□ Steel-toed Shoes		
Lungs	□Respirator Fit tested?		
	Dust Mask Y N		
Noise	□Ear Plugs		

**Note:** General safety practice while working in a laboratory is to wear proper Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) at all times. An injury may occur due to an accident with your work, or from someone working nearby. Researchers are required to use appropriate PPE and apparel when working in a laboratory. The following basic guidelines must be adhered to:

- **Contact lenses** are not recommended in any laboratory. If contact lenses must be worn, safety goggles must also be worn.
- **Safety eyewear** is required when working in labs. This may consist of safety glasses with sideshields, safety goggles, or a full face shield, depending upon the degree of hazard.
- Lab coats Lab coats provide an excellent barrier (both in terms of safety and cleanliness) between you and your experiment. If you are working with highly flammable chemicals or open flame, you are not allowed to wear polyester lab coat.
- **Shorts/skirts/dresses** may not be worn in any chemical laboratory, as they provide no protection to your legs in the event of a chemical spill.
- Closed-toed shoes must be worn in all laboratories. Open toed shoes or sandals may not be worn in laboratories.
- Roller blades may not be worn in any University building.
- Hard hats may be required in certain working areas or for certain activities in any lab where there is the potential for objects falling from overhead.
- Oven mitts/gloves are required when handling extremely hot or extremely cold substances.
- Special gloves may be required when handling dangerous chemicals. Note that the use of the incorrect type of gloves may increase the danger; please check with a member of the safety committee for up-to-date guidelines regarding the types of gloves to be used. The Fisher and Revere-Seton catalogs provide a comprehensive list of glove types and their compatibility with a range of chemicals.
- Hearing protection may be necessary if working for extended times near noisy equipment (>80dBa).
- **Dust masks** may be required if working with small particulates, etc. You should contact EHS to get fit tested.
- **Cartridge-type Respirators** may be necessary if working with asphyxiants or other substances that are hazardous if inhaled. You should contact EHS to get fit tested.

# SECTION 6: PROJECT OPERATIONS EMERGENCY CONTINGENCY PLANS

# 6A. What procedure would you follow in the case of each of the following:

- 1. Fire in lab:
- 2. Chemical spill: Small:

Large:

3. Chemical exposure (inhalation; ingestion; chemical on skin or in eyes; gas/odour release; etc.):

4. Physical hazard accident (cuts; crushes; slips/falls; etc):

# 6B. Location Specific Emergency Information:

- 1. Exact location of eye wash station:
- 2. Exact location of safety shower:
- 3. Exact location of spill kit(s):
- 4. Exhaust:
  - a. Fumehood
  - b. Canopy hood/elephant trunk
  - c. Glovebox

Present in lab  $\Box$ 

- Present in lab  $\Box$
- Present in lab

Required for work Required for work Required for work

#### SECTION 7: DETAILED LIST OF CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES USED/PRODUCED IN PROJECT EXPERIMENTS

Please list ALL Chemicals and Gases being USED, and all HAZARDOUS Chemicals, By-Products, Off-gases PRODUCED. Do not just attach the laboratory chemical inventory. You must look up MSDS for all chemicals in your list. **Attach additional pages if necessary.** 

(<u>Note</u>: The following substances have been designated by the Department as presenting particular hazards. Their use *or production* requires a permit which should be appended to this form: acrylonitrile, arsenic asbestos, benzene, carbon disulfide, carbon tetrachloride, ethylene oxide, formaldehyde, isocyanates, lead, mercury, silica, styrene, vinyl chloride monomer, H<sub>2</sub>S (hydrogen sulfide gas), cyanide, cadmium, HF).

Name	Quantity mass or vol/yr	TLV <sup>1</sup> or LD <sub>50</sub>	Route of Entry² (& Health Risk)	Corrosion Hazard	Flammability (Flash Point)/ vapour pressure	Autoignition Temperature	Reactivity Hazard or Incompatibilities

Total Number of **Departmentally Designated Substances** Used or PRODUCED (attach a permit application for each one):

### **Disposal Arrangements for Chemical Wastes**

Type of waste container(s): Classes of Waste (e.g. flammable organic solvent, etc.):

Size(volume): Bottle Codes (Supervisor's initials-room #-waste code: i.e. RRF-419-Da):

**Disposal Collection Room:** Waste Disposal Location (WB16 for labs in Wallberg Bldg).

## **SECTION 8: SUGGESTED REFERENCES**

- 1. A.C.G.I.H., "Threshold Limit Values" (1991 or 1992).
- 2. N.J. Sax, "Dangerous Properties of Industrial Materials".
- 3. H.H. Uhlig, "Corrosion & Corrosion Control".
- 4. H.F. Coward and G.W. Jones, "Flammability Limits of Gases and Vapours", Bureau of Mines\Bulletin 503.
- 5. N.V. Steere, "Handbook of Laboratory Safety".
- 6. National Fire Protection Association, "Fire Protection Guide on Hazardous Materials".
- 7. University of Toronto Environmental Health and Safety, "Handling Procedures for Chemical Wastes".
- 8. L. Bretherick, "Handbook of Reactive Chemical Hazards".
- 9. National Fire Protection Association, "Manual of Hazardous Chemical Reactions".
- 10. SDS Links:
  - a. http://ccinfoweb.ccohs.ca/msds/search.html
  - b. UofT EH&S MSDS suggested sites
  - c. http://www.hazard.com
- 11. Job Safety Analysis Form
  - a. <u>https://ehs.utoronto.ca/wp-content/uploads/2014/06/Job-Safety-Analysis-Form-November-2019.pdf</u>
- 12. Working Alone Guidelines
  - a. https://ehs.utoronto.ca/wp-content/uploads/2020/03/Working-Alone-Guidelines.pdf

LEAVE ON OVERNIGHT PERMIT					
** POST COPY AT SITE OF USE **					
EQUIPMENT:					
(PLEASE DO NOT TOUCH THIS APPARATUS)					
IN CASE OF EMERGENCY OR POWER FAILURE, TURN OFF SERVICES AT THE FOLLOWING LOCATIONS:					
WATER AT					
GAS AT					
IN EMERGENCY CONTACT					
NAME	EMERGENCY CONTACT PHONE #				
RESEARCHER:	_				
SUPERVISOR:	_				
PERMIT NUMBER:	SUPERVISOR'S SIGNATURE:				
SAFETY REGISTRATION NUMBER:	DESIGNATE OF SAFETY COMMITTEE				
EXPIRY DATE:					

# \*\* POST COPY AT SITE OF USE \*\*

# DESIGNATED SUBSTANCE PERMIT (APPLICATION FOR PERMISSION TO USE)

The following substances have been designated by the Department as presenting particular hazards. Their use **or production** requires a permit which should be appended to Research Registration form.

Acrylonitrile, Arsenic, Asbestos, Benzene, Carbon disulfide, Carbon tetrachloride, Ethylene oxide, Formaldehyde (includes para), Isocyanates, Lead, Mercury, Silica, Styrene, Vinyl chloride monomer, H<sub>2</sub>S (hydrogen sulfide gas), Cyanide, Cadmium, HF

Substance:					
Researcher's Name:	Supervisor:				
	Research Registration No. :				
Quantity:	How long do you plan on using the substance: Control Procedures:				
Ceiling:					
TLV:					
PEL:					
Is the quantity you use less than above limits? If yes, explain why.	SOP in case of spill:				
Date of Issue: Ex	piry Date:				
Signatures:	Applicant				
	Supervisor				
	Designate of Safety Committee				

# CRYOGENICS – GAS LAW CALCULATION (REQUIRED FOR USE OF LIQUID NITROGEN IN EXPERIMENTS)

Worst-case Scenario in Oxygen depletion by liquid nitrogen spill: the entire contents of the Dewar or storage tank are lost to the room immediately after spilling (100% of the vessel contents).

# Example Calculation:

 $V_N$  = Total volume loss of Liq. N<sub>2</sub> (100%) = 1.0

V<sub>R</sub> = Total room volume (m<sup>3</sup>)

V<sub>D</sub> = Dewar or Vessel capacity (litres)

 $F_G$  = Gas Factor for N<sub>2</sub> (683 for N<sub>2</sub>)

0.21 = Normal concentration of O<sub>2</sub> in air (21%)

 $V_{OX}$  = Total volume of  $O_2$  in room (m<sup>3</sup>) = 0.21 x { $V_R - [(V_N x V_D x F_G)/1000]$ }

 $C_{OX}$  = Total concentration of  $O_2$  remaining in room after 100% L. N<sub>2</sub> container spill = 100 x V<sub>OX</sub>/V<sub>R</sub>

# For a room size 71m<sup>3</sup>, and a 100% Liq. N<sub>2</sub> spill of 41 litres:

The total vol. of O<sub>2</sub> in room = V<sub>OX</sub> = 0.21 x {71 – [( $1.0 \times 41 \times 683$ )/1000] } = 9.03 m<sup>3</sup> Total conc. of O<sub>2</sub> remaining in room = C<sub>OX</sub> = 100 x 9.03/71 = 12.71%

**Requirements:** In a worst-case scenario where all of the Liq.  $N_2$  container spills, the total concentration of  $O_2$  remaining in the room must be 20% or more. Otherwise the following is required:

- Room equipped with O<sub>2</sub> detector that sounds an alarm when the O<sub>2</sub> concentration falls below 20%
- Warning signs are displayed both on door to lab and next to L. N2 dewar or dispenser
- Proper mechanical/non-mechanical ventilation must be installed within lab

Recommended alternative action: Reduce the size/volume of the Liq. N<sub>2</sub> dewar, to ensure that the O<sub>2</sub> concentration exceeds the minimum, and an oxygen-deficient atmosphere is avoided.

Your Calculation:
For a room size (X) m³, and a 100% Liq. N₂ spill of (Y) litres:
The total vol. of O <sub>2</sub> in room = V <sub>OX</sub> = 0.21 x { <b>X</b> - [(1.0 x <b>Y</b> x 683)/1000] } = <b>Z</b> m <sup>3</sup>
The total vol. of O <sub>2</sub> in room = Vox = 0.21 x { [(1.0 x x 683)/1000] } = m <sup>3</sup>
Total conc. of O <sub>2</sub> remaining in room = $C_{OX}$ = 100 x Z/X = ???? %
Total conc. of O <sub>2</sub> remaining in room = $C_{OX} = 100 \text{ x}$ =%